Dmesure: a readability platform for French as a foreign language





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Dmesure

Plan

- Introduction: the issue of finding texts
- Current work for English
- Omesure : a web tool for FFL readability
- Issues and perspectives with Dmesure
- References



Dmesure

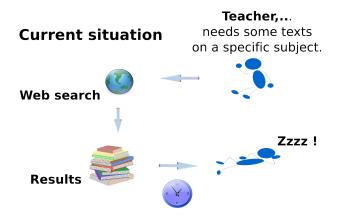
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- - The one-text interface
 - Dmesure as a web crawler
 - Dmesure as a collaborative platform



Retrieval of web texts for FFL

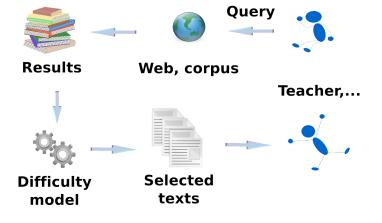
Beyond search engines, there is no tool to find FFL texts at a specific level of difficulty.





A solution : a difficulty model as a filter

Improvement





What is a difficulty model for reading?

We consider that **readability formulas** are valid models of the reading difficulties in a L2.

What is readability?

The sum total (including the interactions) of all those elements within a given piece of printed material that affect the success of a group of readers have with it. The success is the extent to which they understand it, read it at a optimal speed, and find it interesting.

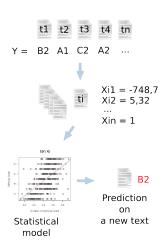
[Dale and Chall, 1949, 1]

Some of the well-known formulas : [Flesch, 1948, Dale and Chall, 1948, Kincaid et al., 1975]



Conception of a formula: methodological steps

- Collect a corpus of texts whose difficulty has been measured using a criterion such as comprehension tests or cloze tests
- Define a list of linguistic predictors of the difficulty, such as sentence length or lexical load
- Design a statistical model (traditionally linear regression) based on the above features and corpus
- Validate the model





Readability: an example

Grammar-based Reading Difficulty Prediction

Grade level predicted: 12.0

Accuracy generally improves with text length. The software will provide estimates for texts of any length, but a minimum length of 30 words is recommended. Also, the system is generally more accurate for grade levels above 2.

Type or paste your text into the box below and press "Submit" to obtain an estimate of the difficulty of your text.

In particular grave-yard in the heart of a bustling, indifferent city, seen from the windows of a gloomy-looking imp, is at no time an object of onlivening suppersion, and the spectate is not at its best when the mouthy frombismes and four lumeroul unknown have received the ineffectual refreshment of a dull, moist snow-fall. If, while the air is thickened by this frosty drizzle, the calendar should happen to indicate that the blessed vernal season is already six weeks old, it will be admitted that no depressing influence is absent from the scene.

Submit

An estimation of the readability of the first lines of *The Europeans* (H.James). It has been assessed by the model of [Heilman et al., 2007].

Url: http://boston.lti.cs.cmu.edu/demos/readability/index.php



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Existing platforms

Introduction

Web crawlers for the retrieval of web texts on a specific topic and at a specific readability level have been designed for English

- IR4LL [Ott, 2009];
- REAP [Heilman et al., 2008b];
- READ-X [Miltsakaki and Troutt, 2008].



Retrieval of web texts: an example for EFL

REAP

[Heilman et al., 2008b, Collins-Thompson and Callan, 2004]

- REAding-specific Practice aims at improving reading comprehension abilities through practice.
- It integrates a SVM thematic classifier
- Difficulty is checked using the readability formulas described in [Collins-Thompson and Callan, 2005, Heilman et al., 2008a]
- http://reap.cs.cmu.edu/





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Dmesure: 3 goals

Introduction

Dmesure (stands for Difficulté Mesure) aims at the 3 following objectives:

- Makes available our formula for FFL [François, 2009] through a copy-cut interface.
- Provides a free tool to help FFL teachers in the use of the web as a corpus for finding teaching materials
- Provides a collaborative web plateform where teachers can participate in assessing the difficulty of texts they collected through Dmesure and they used in their teaching



The one-text interface

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The one-text interface

Dmesure: the one-text interface



This text comes from the textbook Panorama 2 (A2, p.26)



The one-text interface

Dmesure: the one-text interface





Introduction

The readability formulas used

The readability formulas used in Dmesure are variations of those presented in [François, 2009].

9-classes model characteristics

Features:

- An unigram model based on inflected forms disambiguated using TreeTagger [Schmid, 1994];
- Mean number of words per sentence;
- Proportion of personal pronouns of dialogue (1P, 2P), based on [Henry, 1975]
- 5 tense variables (binary) : Conditional & Future & Imperfect & Past part. & Subjunctive pres.

Algorithm: ordinal logistic regression [Agresti, 2002]

Performance: $R^2 = 0.57$ (computed on 100 .632 bootstrap samples)



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The basic search interface



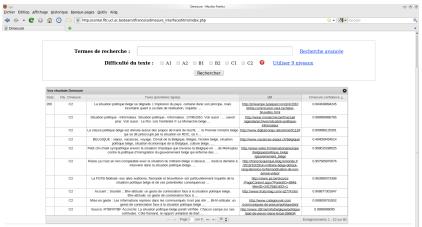
Dimesure



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Results of previous request



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The advance search interface



Dmesure

Recherche avancée



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Introduction

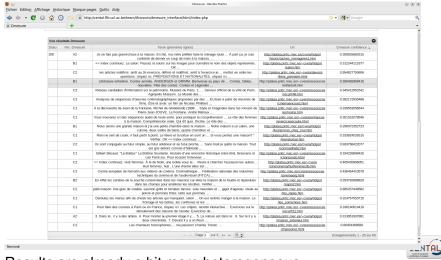
The advance search interface

Various options are currently allowed

- Search a specific expression or exclude some keywords
- Allows to limit the search to a domain (useful when the teachers have their favorite site)
- Choose between the 6-classes and 9-classes scales
- Use a adult content filter



Advance search: example of results



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Dmesure as a collaborative platform

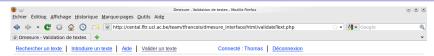
For teachers previously recognized as experts (details have still to be defined), Dmesure offers an opportunity to contribute to further advances of the tool:

- Teachers can validate or correct the predictions of Dmesure on texts they have read or used in a teaching context
- This would allow to gather more texts, that may be assessed by more than one judge
- Then, a new readability formula can be trained
- Furthermore, as the dominant L1 of the students is saved for each text, it will allow to study L1 effects on L2 readability.

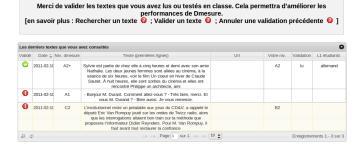


Dmesure as a collaborative platform

Dmesure: the teacher interface



Dmesure





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Dmesure: First conclusions

Introduction

 While still needing to be debugged, the architecture seems suited to the task

Dmesure

- The one-text interface already gives guite good results, but the web search tool gives less usefull predictions
- This is explained by the boilerplate issue.



The boilerplate issue

Introduction

Why boilerplate is an issue?

- Difficulty of surrounding context (ads, news, etc.) may differ from the difficulty of the target text
- Long menus don't have full stops
- Boilerplate may incorporate more Named Entities

Some numbers

For 30 web pages, we compared the predictions of Dmesure on the text with and without boilerplate (manually removed):

Correlation is low: r = 0.56; se = 1.73



A solution : automatical boilerplate remover

We tried to automatically remove the boilerplate [Kohlschütter et al., 2010].

evaluation 1

Introduction

For the same 30 web pages, we compare the predictions of Dmesure :

- with and without boilerplate (manually removed):
 r = 0,56; se = 1,73
- ullet with and without boilerplate (automatically removed) : r=0,80
- without boilerplate (manual) and without boilerplate (automatical): r = 0, 70; se = 1,41



A solution : automatical boilerplate remover

To obtain a absolute measure, we took 180 annotated texts (20 for each level) and, for each, we generated a fake boilerplate from those of the 30 previous web pages.

Results of evaluation 2

- Results of Dmesure on those fake web pages (with boilerplate): se = 4,08
- Results of Dmesure on the texts (without boilerplate) : se = 2,03
- **3** Results of Dmesure on those clean web pages (boilerplate automatically removed) : se = 2,91

It seems to improve somehow the predictions, but not so much CENTAL



Conclusions

- Dmesure aims to be a collaborative platform for information retrieval in ICALL. It may answer to real needs of L2 teachers.
- BUT... more work is necessary :
 - Settle the boilerplate issue or adapt the formula to the specificities of the web
 - Use a Named Entities extractor and define a way to assess the difficulty of NE.
 - Develop a filter for language checking



The end

Introduction

Difficulté estimée : A1 0

Votre texte: Merci pour votre attention.

Les questions et les commentaires sont les bienvenus.

Difficulté estimée : C2 🚱

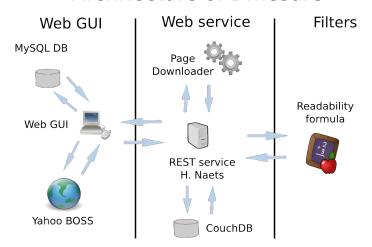
Votre texte: Thanks for your attention.

Questions and commentaries are welcome!



Dmesure: the architecture

Architecture of Dmesure





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Dmesure

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